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BY P. M. HALE.
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THE RALEIGH NEWS.

VOL. XVII. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1880. NO. 108.

By Telegraph.

NOON REPORTS.

Crop Report.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The following statement of the condition of the cotton, corn and wheat crops is issued by the Department of Agriculture to-day: Cotton—Returns to this Department show an increase in the condition of cotton since the June report. The condition is reported at an average of 100, being the highest reported in July for several years. The following are reports by States: Forty-five counties in North Carolina average 101; 19 counties in South Carolina, average 99; 70 counties in Georgia average 97; 16 counties in Florida average 92; 31 counties in Alabama average 93; 40 counties in Mississippi average 99; 16 counties in Louisiana average 96; 71 counties in Texas average 111; 33 counties in Arkansas average 104; 23 counties in Tennessee average 103. There are some complaints of drought in North and South Carolina and of too much rain in Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas. Insect injuries are not reported to any extent. Corn—The increase in area planted in corn is one per cent. over that planted last year; the average condition of the crop for the whole country is the highest for many years and is 100, being seven per cent. more than last year at same time. There are some complaints of drought in the South Atlantic States, while in the valley of the Mississippi and those States North of the Ohio river there is complaint of too much rain. The Pacific States report very high condition. Wheat—the general average of winter wheat July 1st, 1880 was 95, against 91 July 1st, 1879. It improved slightly during June, but the whole South falls off nearly a fourth, but the heavy winter wheat region north of the Ohio river rules high at 98. The Middle States are three per cent. above the average, and the Pacific four per cent. West of Mississippi the crop averages 84 against 89 last year. Spring wheat averages 91, same as in July, 1879. This shows a great decline in June, when the average was 97. The New England States average 99, the Middle States 93. North of Ohio the average is 96. West of Mississippi the general average is 95, Minnesota being 101, while Nebraska falls to 62. Iowa stands at 91. On the Pacific Coast, California reports 96.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—The crop reports indicate the wheat yield to be very heavy.

CHICAGO, July 15.—The latest returns from the agricultural districts, tributary to this market, although conflicting, seem to establish pretty clearly that in the whole northwest, the winter wheat crop was saved in good order and with about an average yield, and the spring wheat crop, as a rule, is less to the acre than last year, but an increased acreage will make the yield somewhat greater than that of 1879, provided the weather becomes a little more favorable.

LONDON, July 15.—The heavy rains have caused great damage to hay and other crops in the midlands of Warwickshire and Leicestershire, and in other parts of the provinces.

A Dublin dispatch says that excessive rains prevailed nearly over all Ireland during the past fortnight, and are beginning to excite serious apprehensions in regard to the harvest.

French Fourth of July.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Twenty-three French societies celebrated their national fete yesterday.

ST. LOUIS, July 15.—The French citizens held a grand fete yesterday. Several thousand persons attended, including the foreign consuls. The "Marseillaise" was sung by a choir of five hundred voices. A display of fireworks and a banquet was given last night.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—The anniversary of the taking of the Bastile was celebrated by the French residents yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—A dinner given by the French residents to celebrate the taking of the Bastile took place last night. The French consul presided, and the Spanish Consul was among these present.

Lynch Law.

DENVER, COL., July 15.—A special from Santa Fe says: "At Lincoln, in Lincoln county, New Mexico, on July 3d, a young man named Harrison came into town and becoming intoxicated was locked up at night A mob effected an entrance into the jail and killed Harrison, riddling him with bullets. On the night of the 4th a mob again surrounded the jail and killed the deputy sheriff who was implicated in the killing of the night before and had made himself obnoxious to the outlaws. On the night of the 5th they again visited the jail, taking out and hanging the prisoners. What the prisoners' crimes were is not known."

New Hampshire Republicans.

CONCORD, July 15.—The Republican State Committee met last night. Henry H. Huse, of Manchester, was elected Chairman and George E. Jencks, of Concord, secretary. Senator Rollins was elected Chairman of the Executive Committee. The Committee decided to hold a State Convention at Concord, September 7th.

Missouri Greenbackers.

SEDALIA, MO., July 15.—The Greenback State Convention yesterday nominated a full State ticket, headed with Lyman A. Brown for Governor.

Fire.

MONTREAL, July 15.—The Montreal Woolen Mills and Stacey's nail factory was burned yesterday. Loss, $60,000.

Coal-Mine Explosion.

LONDON, July 15.—An explosion occurred at twenty minutes past 1 o'clock this morning in the London and South Wales Colliery Company's new black vein pit at Risea, six miles from Newport. The shock was violent. It is supposed that 119 men were in the pit at the time and there is scarcely any probability that any will be saved. One body has been found at the bottom of the shaft. Ventilation is being restored in the mine with a view to exploring for bodies.

A dispatch from Cardiff says that 128 men were in the pit of the London and South Wales Colliery Company's mine at the time of the explosion and it is believed all have perished.

Mexican.

GALVESTON, July 15.—A *News* special from San Antonio says: Advices have been received of a difficulty between the military and police at Monterey. One officer and two policemen are reported killed.

MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

The Fasting Fool.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Entering on the eighteenth day of his fast, Dr. Tanner exhibits marked improvement in his physical condition. From 9 o'clock last night until noon to-day he has swallowed between thirty and forty ounces of water. His weight this morning was 137½ pounds, allowing one pound for the weight of his coat. He has gained four pounds since the figure was taken Wednesday. He took a drive to Central Park early this morning. He forced the dynamometer up to 151 against 80 yesterday. His pulse, when last taken, was 80, temperature 98 2-5, and respiration 16.

Re-Organized.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 15.—The stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad, recently sold here under a foreclosure of the mortgage, met and re-organized at Weldon yesterday. David R. Murchison, a prominent merchant of this city, was elected President, Gen. Wm. McRae General Manager, and V. Q. Johnson Superintendent. General McRae is now General Manager of the Western and Atlantic Road of Georgia.

French Crops.

LONDON, July 15.—The weather throughout England is wet and thunderous and unfavorable for crops.

In many parts of France the harvest has already begun and gives an opportunity of in some degree forecasting prospects. In the South barley and oats promise well. In the Centre winter barley is of good quality, but deficient in quantity. Rye looks well also.

Quarantine.

MEMPHIS, July 15.—The local Board of Health at noon to-day adopted an order of the State Board which prohibits the importation into this State of certain articles shipped from New Orleans. Officers will be stationed on all railroad lines leading into Memphis and will rigidly enforce the order.

The Chinese Must Go.

LONDON, July 15.—A Berlin dispatch to the *Morning Post* says that Russian Gen. Kaufmann has been ordered to Eastern Liberia with 14,000 men, to clear the district infested by Brigands and Chinese immigrants.

The Demolisher.

PARIS, June 15.—Henri Rochefort's new journal sold 198,000 copies yesterday, the first day of its publication. Rochefort declares to-day that he intends to demolish M. Gambetta.

Fire.

ARNPRIOR, ONT., July 15.—Twenty stores, in the business part of this town, were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss, $50,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GRAND SUCCESS!
THE
Excelsior Bakery
JOHN A. BRAGASSA, Proprietor,
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Fresh Cream Loaf Bread,
Sugar Russian Buns,
Sweet Vienna Bread,
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Nice Graham Bread,
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☞ Delivered at your residence by my wagon every morning, except Sunday.
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Fifty thousand bundles pieced Cotton Ties for sale to the trade in lots to suit purchasers. They are made from carefully selected stock; are all double riveted, and have the second hand open slot buckles. They answer every purpose of the New Ties, and can be bought for about two-thirds the price.
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Six, eight, ten and twelve horse power Engines, mounted and on skids—W. E. Tanner & Co. and Marshall, Graves & Co.'s make; Dan'l Pratt's Alabama Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Cotton Bloom Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Georgia Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Gullet's Steel Brush Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Schofield's Hand, Horse and Power Cotton Presses.
These machines are all first-class, and we heartily recommend them to parties in want. We have these machines in store, and guarantee to sell them as low as they can be purchased at the place of manufacture. WILLIAMSON & UPCHURCH.
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I offer this already well known article at the New York and Boston price, $1.25 per bottle.
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Is undoubtedly the best Plain Cracker in the country. A fresh lot just received, 15 cents per pound.

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Ferris's Canvassed Tongues.
Ferris's and Springfield Hams.
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Two years old (very choice.)
Ferris's Smoked Beef, sliced or shaved.
Large stock Salad Dressing and Sauces.
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Office Supt. Public Instruction,
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Gen. Agent University Pub. Co.,
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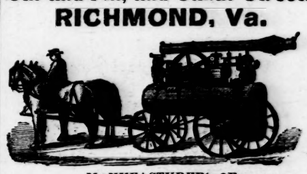
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NO FIT, NO SALE.
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These Hoes have been known in the United States for OVER FORTY YEARS. Were first introduced in North Carolina eight years ago by
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Which will not explode.
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Cook stove made.
LAFLIN & RAND GUNPOWDER,
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WHITE PINE
Sash, Doors, Blinds, &c. Full stock always on hand.
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Full stock always
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Largest stock in the South.
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AGENT FOR THE
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Better than a hammock. Can be folded or opened instantly. Is just the thing for Hotels, Offices, Cottages, Sportsmen, &c.
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THE DAILY NEWS.

BY P. M. HALE, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

L. L. POLK, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY.....JULY 16, 1880.

CENTRALIZATION.

"*Je le jure*," solemnly said LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, as he stood in the tribune of the French Assembly, December 20, 1848, and vowed fidelity to the Constitution of the French republic.

"The sovereignty," said that Constitution, "resides in the whole body of the French citizens. * * It is inalienable and imprescriptible. * * * Its exercise belongs to no one individual, to no fraction of the people. * * * No one shall be arrested or detained except as prescribed by law. * * All citizens have the right of forming associations, of assembling peaceably. * * * The press shall not in any case be subject to a censorship. Such, says the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, was the spirit of that Constitution of 116 sections. LOUIS NAPOLEON, in his speech in the tribune, after taking the oath, declared that he would treat as enemies of his country whoever should attempt to subvert the Constitution; there would be perfect harmony between him and the Assembly, &c., &c.

On the night of December 1st, 1851. President BONAPARTE entertained a large and brilliant assembly at the Palais Elysee. He was apparently in the happiest of moods. The company left, and between 12 and 1 o'clock, the leading members of the French Assembly were suddenly dragged from their beds and put in prison, Thousands of other people were arrested, and when the sun rose the second French republic was no more, and the attempts of the people to restore it were drowned in the blood of the victims of the bayonet. "The disturbances are appeased; society is saved," announced the Napoleonic traitor with complacency a few days after.

Such is, in brief, the history of one of the brilliant achievements of contralization. LOUIS NAPOLEON changed in an hour a republic based on popular sovereignty into a strong centralized personal authority by which the will of one man dominated France.

The spirit of centralized absolutism is hostile to Republican institutions. Generally it has obtained the mastery over Republics, as in the case of the Roman, Grecian and Italian Republics, by gradual approaches, gradual encroachments, retaining the names and symbols of the old offices, but conferring their authority on one man or upon an oligarchy. It generally fortifies itself as it advances; it goes slowly sometimes, so as not to startle the people. It thus entrenches itself, and when entrenched it usually stays. The power obtained by Louis NAPOLEON in a single night by violence could have been obtained by slow and veiled approaches.

The latter has been the method employed by the so-called Republican party in this country. The Union was menaced by the dogma of secession once. That dogma has been stricken dead. The Union is now threatened by a worse enemy than secession—centralization. Centralization means death to the Republic; death to the union of States. The party which has made that doctrine its own, and whose every act has revealed its treasonable purpose, calls itself "Republican." It is the devil wrapping around himself the garments of the angel of light. The dogma of centralization is treasonable, and they who advocate it under pretence of conferring benefits on the people; under pretence of strengthening and making honorable the government; under the pretence of necessity, on any pretext, are more dangerous and inimical to the Union than an army of open rebels against the government.

We charge the leaders of the Republican party with as foul and treasonable purpose as that of LOUIS NAPOLEON in 1851. Whether the object be to make a consolidation of all governing functions in one person or in the hands of an oligarchy, the spirit is the same. It is enmity to the union of States; it is enmity to the freedom of the people; it is the consolidation of corruption where it cannot be criticised. Openly, of late, have the Republicans announced their purpose. Their Chicago platform declares that "the Constitution of the United States is a supreme law, and not a mere contract. Out of confederated States it made a sovereign nation." The Constitution of course countenances no such doctrine, as we will at some future time show. The fathers countenanced nothing of the kind. Nowhere is there a warrant for the Federal election law; nowhere is there a warrant for the employment of troops at the polls, and the Democratic party very properly express in the Cincinnati platform: "Opposition to centralization and that dangerous spirit of encroachment which tends to consolidate the powers of all the departments in one, and thus to create, whatever be the form of government, a real despotism."

The other day, at the Fourth of July celebration in Boston, Hon. ROBERT D. SMITH delivered an oration on SAMUEL ADAMS, one of the brightest and bravest spirits of Revolutionary times, and one of the most patriotic men Massachusetts ever produced. Mr. SMITH paid a very handsome tribute to Mr. ADAMS' steadfast patriotism, but he brought out his intense dislike for everything bordering on centralized absolutism in a remarkably strong light. No better material can be produced for Fourth of July purposes, or for New England Republicans to hear, than the strong and earnest Republicanism of SAMUEL ADAMS, which was infused into the articles of confederation and the Constitution of the United States, through his own suggestions and amendments. Says Mr. SMITH: "When the Constitution of the United States was offered for the acceptance of the sovereign State of Massachusetts, SAMUEL ADAMS, after much scrutiny, favored its acceptance, with the addition of amendments, which were adopted, which were his work, and which, when mentioned, will at once be seen to be the very bulwarks of constitutional liberty. The chief provisions are absolute freedom for religion, the right of the citizens to keep and bear arms, compensation for private property taken for public use, trial by jury according to common law, and, most important of all, that powers not delegated to the United States, nor prohibited by the Constitution to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people. He also advanced the doctrine that the Federal Government should never interfere in the quarrels of other nations, and that the debates of Congress should be open, and not secret. His belief was that the people of each State should govern themselves through their State Governments, to as great an extent as possible." After depicting ADAMS's thoroughly Republican instincts, he said:

"'I do not know that I can more appropriately conclude this address than by quoting the words of Samuel Adams, at his inauguration as Lieutenant Governor, when about to take the customary oath to support and maintain the Constitution.

"'I shall presently,' he said, 'be called upon by you, sir, as it is enjoined by the Constitution, to make a declaration upon oath, and shall do it with cheerfulness, because the injunction accords with my own judgment and conscience, that *the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is and of right ought to be a free, sovereign and independent State.* I shall also be called upon to make another declaration with the same solemnity to support the Constitution of the United States.

"'I see the consistency of this, for it cannot have been intended but that these constitutions should mutually aid and support each other.

"'It is also my humble opinion that, while the Commonwealth maintains her own just authority, weight and dignity, she will be among the firmest pillars of the Federal Union.

"'May the Constitution of the Federal Government and those of the several States of the Union be guided by the unerring finger of Heaven.

"'Each of them and all of them united will then, if the people are wise, be as prosperous as the wisdom of human institutions and the circumstances of human society will admit."

SAMUEL ADAMS would never have countenanced the centralization dogma of a "Sovereign Nation." When he subscribed to the declaration of the Constitution, that the Constitution is the supreme law, he knew that it meant that all the limitations of powers set forth in that instrument were confirmed, and that it was never intended that they should be altered. He knew that the United States Government has no authority, save that given by the Constitution, and the Constitution being supreme, its express provisions against centralization are supreme also. Mark this, Republicans.

It is evident that the Republican doctrine of centralization should be rooted out and killed as was the doctrine of secession. Those who maintain it are as treasonable to the Union as were the Secessionists. Secession would destroy the Union, but it proceeded openly and in a manly way to do it. Centralization is a contemptible, cowardly sneak, who, under various pretences of patriotism, seeks likewise to destroy the Union. We say, kill it; strangle it. It is a serpent.

THE FRENCH have reason to rejoice at their national fete over the increasing prosperity of the Third Republic. The revenue in 1872 was about $479,000,000, and last year it was about $600,000,000. If France did not maintain a large standing army, her expenses would be reduced over $100,000,000 a year. Since 1872 the vast sum of $300,000,000 has been expended in fortifications and war material. In addition to this the Republic has paid $1,000,000,000 war indemnity to Germany. An immense sum is spent every year on works of public utility, and double the amount is spent on public education which was spent under the empire. The expenses of the government are enormous, running up to $550,000,000.

THE INDICATIONS both on this and the other side of the Atlantic are that during the fall and winter of the present year the price of wheat will be unusually low. The area under cultivation in this country is largely in excess of the wheat acreage of the year 1879, and the burden of testimony from the Western and Northwestern States is that the yield this season will be fully equal to that of last year. Reports from the Pacific coast are even more encouraging, and the gross yield, in consequence of the increased acreage has been put at twenty per cent. higher than the largest crop hitherto harvested. This implies that we shall have an immense surplus for exportation. The British crops are larger than usual, and her needs will find supplies, not only from the Black and the Baltic Seacoast, but from Egypt, India, and Chili, where the needed preparations have been made to raise much larger crops than ever before. It is thought, however, that American wheat can be sold this year so cheaply in England as to force English farmers out of the cultivation hereafter and to limit production in other parts of the world.

IT IS THE WISH of THE NEWS to enjoy an exchange with all North Carolina newspapers, and all were directed to be transferred from the mail books of *Hale's Weekly* to the new mail books of THE NEWS. Some complain of not receiving THE NEWS and as others may have been omitted, they will oblige us by making it known. The North Carolina papers are more valuable and more valued than any that come to us.

The Business Managers of THE NEWS have been busy ever since the paper changed hands in trying to straighten up the old NEWS subscription lists. It is a tough job, but will work out right after awhile. In making new mail books, they have lost one of the smaller mail books of *Hale's Weekly*. As far as possible this was re-made from old letters and agents' returns. But those whose names may have been omitted will oblige by notifying us of postoffice address and date. The lost book contained the lists at a few postoffices supplied by horse mail in Wake, Johnston, Harnett and Person, and the postoffices supplied over the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad.

THE CHATHAM *Record* is an excellent paper and comes to us much improved in appearance by the use of new type and the disuse of a patent outside. Barring the illustrations, the paper is both good-looking and good. If our friend must print an illustrated paper, how would it do to follow the example of the Franklin *Reporter*, and print the pictures of GARFIELD and ARTHUR as an effective Democratic campaign document?

THE COTTON ACREAGE this year is put down at 13,885,947; an increase of 9.51 per cent. on that of 1879. Florida is the smallest planter with 222,705 acres. North Carolina is next, with 624,089 acres.

Fayetteville.

[NEWS EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

FAYETTEVILLE, July 14, 1880.

The native North Carolina gentleman can find no place to visit that will afford more congenial pleasure than this ancient town. There is an air of old-time Southern refinement, a genial welcome and an open-hearted hospitality, untainted and unmixed with the cold conventionalities and selfish isms which are making such serious inroad on the cherished forms and customs that so endear the past to every Southerner.

I greatly regret that circumstances compel me to forego the pleasure of describing the many points of interest in this vicinity, but in the near future the readers of THE NEWS must be told of the

FOUR COTTON MILLS IN OPERATION,

the Little River, the Manchester, the Linwood, the Bluff, Beaver Creek and the Hope Mills, the Novelty Wood Works, the splendid water powers and other facilities and advantages possessed by Fayetteville for regaining, in a large measure, her ancient position and importance as a trade centre. Manufacturing must be the hope of Fayetteville's future. Within the sound of her church bells is sufficient available water power to spin all the cotton produced in the State, and with the impetus given to this important industry, and the handsome profits realized, the day cannot be distant when these facilities will be utilized. And this leads me to remark that it baffles all my ideas of financiering to know that in this money-loving, money-seeking and money-making age there are hundreds of thousands and perhaps millions of dollars locked up in our banks on deposit at not more than four per cent. interest, when published reports show that in the South nothing pays better, if so well, as cotton manufacturing.

TOBACCO FACTORY.

Messrs. Allen & Whitted are engaged in manufacturing both chewing and smoking tobacco. They employ about twenty hands and consume annually about 75,000 pounds. They purchase their leaf in Richmond, Va., and upon inquiry the following reason was assigned for giving Richmond the preference over our own markets: "The freight from Richmond to this point is thirty-five cents per hundred pounds, and from Henderson or Durham it is fifty-five cents." I pushed the inquiry no further. This house finds a market for its tobacco chiefly within our State. I was informed that Mr. Surles, of Cumberland county, produced a crop of tobacco some years ago of over 5,000 pounds, and that he was offered 17 cents per pound for the entire crop, and that much of it was sold in Richmond as high as sixty cents per pound. What was done on this farm may be done on thousands of farms all through the eastern and southern sections of the State.

I had the pleasure last night of attending a called meeting of

THE HANCOCK, JARVIS AND SHACKELFORD CLUB.

It was for the purpose of perfecting its organization, which was done by the adoption of a constitution and by-laws and the election of the necessary officers. Major J. C. McRae was made permanent president and delivered a stirring and patriotic speech, in which he sketched briefly the life and services of our candidates and impressed the crowd with what he evidently felt himself, that the ticket, Congressional, State and National, would be triumphantly elected. The president is supported by an earnest and enthusiastic corps of officers, and they claim that the club will number at least five hundred members.

Meeting accidentally his Honor,

JUDGE BUXTON,

it occurred to me that it might be the opportunity for THE NEWS to give a little light on a question of some interest in certain quarters, and of great anxiety in a certain other quarter, and accordingly I ventured to ask if his Honor had yet decided whether or not he would accept the nomination tendered him. He replied, "I am not in a condition to be interviewed," and waived the subject in his usually pleasant and affable manner. And when I surveyed his surroundings in all their bearings, I concluded that his answer was not only an eminently proper one, but the only one he could give. He is evidently patiently and anxiously awaiting the fiat of "the power behind the throne" (*of course* I refer to the Executive Committee) which, in the opinion of many, will cruelly demand that he shall patriotically offer himself up a living sacrifice. Many interesting questions are suggested by an impartial investigation of the situation. Why did the convention utterly ignore his written declaration that he would not resign his Judgeship to canvass? Why, after being nominated, does he hesitate to resign and accept the nomination? Is "the bird in the hand worth two in the bush?" If he should accept, and refuse to comply with the demand of some of the leading Republicans, to resign, how will he conduct the canvass? Will he sit in judgment on men whose votes he must seek? Will he, as Judge, enter the hustings? If he holds to his commission and declines the nomination, will the party support him in future? With all his characteristic calm exterior and serenity, his position must greatly embarrass him, as in the opinion of many the action of his party has doomed him to inevitable political ruin. Which horn of the dilemma will he take?

L. L. P.

The Late Colonel Scales.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

GREENSBORO, N. C. July 14, 1880.

To-day has been a sad day in Greensboro. We have buried one whose name is known all over North Carolina, Col. J. I. Scales, whose body reached here last night, and was met at the depot by the officers of his church, and a very large crowd. At 9½ a. m. to-day, a very large furneral escort proceeded to the Presbyterian Church, in which he had been an elder for 8 years, the elders and deacons, acting as pall-bearers. He was a warm personal friend of Rev. Dr. Smith, besides being an elder and adviser in the church, at the reccollection of which, Dr. Smith's emotions overcame him many times during the service.

Many, many are the sad hearts at the taking away of this, the head of the house, and so many little ones yet to rear up after the example of so noble a father. I don't think there ever were more tears shed in one hour in the Presbyterian Church. Many merchants and business men quit their trades; the members of the bar went in a body.

As his body came in at the depot, that of Miss Carrie Boner, (long a resident here,) was carried out to the Salem train, and by it to Salem for interment. She died with internal cancer.

Mr. Jenkins Wants to be Treasurer.

GASTONIA, N. C. July 13, 1880.

To J. C. L. Harris, and other members of the Committee.

DEAR SIR: I am in receipt of your letter informing me of my nomination as the Republican candidate for the office of State Treasurer. While the position was unsought by me, I fully appreciate the honor conferred, and accept the same with grateful acknowledgments to the convention for the confidence reposed. I shall labor zealously to promote the success of the ticket, and if elected will use my utmost endeavors to discharge the duties of the office faithfully.

Very Respectfully,

A. D. JENKINS.

SURRY NOTES:—

Elkin, July 13.—I think we have had the finest season I ever saw. If it continues, the corn crop will be an abundant one. Oats and wheat have been seriously damaged by the rust.

The people are elated over the nomination of Hancock and English, and will rally around the State ticket. We all look upon Hancock as the next President of the United States.

C. .

Impeachment.

[New York Journal of Commerce.]

New York, July 8, 1880.—In your reply to the question, "Was President Johnson ever impeached?" you say, "He was not successfully impeached, the impeachment not being sustained by the required votes." Now, a very learned friend holds that, as he was acquitted he was consequently not impeached, and not being successfully impeached was not impeached at all. We say that the meaning of the word impeach is, holding charges against a public officer, by competent authority. We all know that President Johnson was never found guilty of the charges brought against him, but does that alter the fact that he was impeached? Your reply to the above will be highly appreciated, and will settle some differences of opinion as to the meaning of the word and its use.

Reply.—We discussed this at considerable length several years ago, there being many wagers as to whether President Johnson would be impeached, and have not space to repeat it. In common parlance to "impeach" is to charge with misconduct, to accuse; as one says of another, "I impeach his veracity," meaning that he charges the other with falsehood; and this language is used whether the charge proves to be true or not true. But, when we apply the verb to the person charged, we are a little more guarded in its use. And of the very person above charged, it is equally common to say, "His veracity was never impeached," meaning that it was never successfully impeached, the charge not being true. In President Johnson's case articles of impeachment were presented: so far, he was "impeached." The question submitted for vote was, "Shall the impeachment be sustained?" and it was not sustained by the requisite vote. In this sense he was not impeached, the charge not being sustained. Writers may quibble about it for a century, but a whole library written upon it could not make it clearer. In the sense of being charged with wrong doing, he was impeached: in the sense of being acquitted upon trial he was not impeached.

Crops in Edgecombe, the *Southerner* is told by farmers, were never in a healthier condition than now. Corn is luxuriantly green and cotton is clean and fully up to size.

Chapel Hill.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

CHAPEL HILL, July 14, 1880.

EDITOR NEWS:—We all mourn for Col. Scales. North Carolina has lost a true and gallant son—one of the modest, intelligent, highly toned gentlemen to whom we point with pride as one of our representative men. A man whose qualities of character were to be reckoned upon as we reckon on the qualities of iron. In Church and State, and in his own dear home, how will he be missed! The loss is ours, the gain is his.

PROFESSOR SHEPHERD

has carried all hearts captive. We have certainly been favored with superintendents of our University Normal School, of whom each one in his turn has been pronounced unsurpassable. Mr. Ladd, Major Hotchkiss, and now Professor Shepherd—they are all models for our teachers, each having his own distinguishing characteristics and excellencies. No one can hear Professor Shepherd speak without marking the elegance and accuracy of tone, articulation and expression. Nothing more marks the man of breeding, of true scholarly taste and refinement. What we particularly enjoy as we listen to him is the recollection that he is one of us; a native Carolinian, quite as modest as the rest of us, and a little more polished than most. And it is pleasant to hear him say "*we*" and "*our people*" in talking of his native State. THE NEWS' suggestion last Monday that we should endeavor to keep him at home, and secure his learning and culture for the benefit of the University, met with a hearty assent from very many. But alas! we have had a recent lesson on the inadequate compensation that North Carolina's alleged poverty compels her to offer men of science and of letters. Skill commands a high price in the world's markets everywhere but here.

Since Prof. Kerr's departure we have been interested in the meetings of the

TEACHER'S ASSOCIATION

and the discussion of practical points in the government of schools. Prof. Winston, of the University, has received the compliment of being elected President of the Association, vice President Battle resigning, a compliment unusually well deserved. Mr. Winston is one of our most active, efficient and disinterested laborers for the good of North Carolina, and being a young man, we may venture to predict for him a long career of usefulness and of steadily advancing reputation. Prof. English, Vice-President; Prof. McIver, Treasurer; Prof. Hatcher, Secretary.

President Battle has entertained the crowd with his lecture on the History of the University, its settlement at Chapel Hill, rise and progress of the village, its early inhabitants, &c., &c. This leeture is one of the most valuable monographic bits of history ever written in North Carolina. Nothing like it was ever attempted since the foundation of the University, and Mr. Battle's zeal in getting up his material, traditional and documentary, his skill in arranging, have resulted in a picturesque and exceedingly interesting, lively and invaluable contribution to our local history. A few years more of neglect and indifference and much that he has thus preserved would have been forever lost.

Prof. Hassell, of Wilson, has given the school a very learned lecture on Astronomy, illustrated by the Camera. The series was unhappily interrupted by news of the death at home of one of his children.

Prof. Simonds, of the University, a lecture on Zoology, clear, striking and instructive. To-day he spoke of "curious flowers," illustrating with eloquent drawings on the board. These lectures are a very great and very rare treat.

The main business of the school continues to be the

COMMON SCHOOL SYSTEM.

This is going on every morning. Superintendent Shepherd and Professors McIver, Tomlinson, English, Hatcher, Dugger, conductors, assisted by Messrs. Weatherly, Holt, &c. Miss Jane Long's model class, on the system of the New York Public Schools, continues to attract much attention and also much comment pro and con. We Carolinians are "nothing if not critical."

I must brag a little on the style in which the young men appointed from the University are doing their work. Mr. Pell, in Shakespeare; Mr. Coble in Algebra, Geometry, &c.; Mr. McAllister in Latin, sustain themselves beyond the anticipations of their warmest friends. Superintendent Shepherd says their employment is one of the best features of the school, "*just what ought to have been done.*" Mr. W. B. Phillips of the Experiment Station gives a course of special lectures on Natural Philosophy, with experiments. Dr. Lewis, of Kinston, lectures on Physiology and general Hygiene. These are very valuable, and give opportunities which our country teachers rarely find.

Mrs. Pollock and her daughter freshen up the kindergarten work wonderfully and give great satisfaction. They keep two classes of children in play. The little tots from three years old and upward are charming, and Mrs. Pollock has charming ways with them. She does all the drilling and teaching herself, and an hour in the University Library while they are busy is as pleasant an hour as any throughout the school.

Mr. McIntyre who on failure of M. D'Anna undertook the singing class is a faithful and painstaking teacher.

The material of the school is first-rate. A finer set of teachers has never appeared here. The ladies as usual are doing their work with zeal and intelligence. The larger number are new faces. This will probably continue more and more to be the case, as the school loses its novelty and those only come who come for work and instruction.

BISHOP LYMAN

has just closed (Wednesday night) an admirably entertaining and delightful lecture to the school on "*Egypt and the Nile.*" The chapel was crowded, and he held the large and intelligent assembly absorbed from beginning to end. It was certainly a great benefaction, and if the cause of having contributed so largely to the pleasure of his fellow-citizens be held worth having by the Bishop, he certainly must feel rewarded for the effort he has made. We would congratulate any community on the advantage of hearing so graphic, entertaining and instructive an account of personal adventure and impressions in one of the most interesting lands of the old world.

To-night Dr. Rondthaler, of Salem, will be here and speak on "*German Schools,*" and Sunday night Mr. John Mills, of Oxford, on "*Teachers of Antiquity.*"

Major Bingham has repeated his lecture on "*The Anglo-Saxon Man,*" by request. One such discourse as that is sufficient to make a man's reputation for life.

Every day brings fresh arrivals, and witnesses fresh animation, and fresh opportunities for admiring the management of the best enterprise yet inaugurated in North Carolina.

C. P. S.

Remorse.

[New York Times.]

"Bring me a dictionary," said John Randolph of Roanoke, on his death-bed. They brought him a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary—the edition of 1876, full of diagrams of pleasing and improving animals. "Find me the word 'remorse,'" continued the dying statesman, and, after a prolonged and heated discussion as to the proper way of spelling the word, it was found by the combined efforts of the weeping family. Randolph placed his long and slender forefinger on the word, spelled it aloud, and then remarking, "Well; I never should have believed that it was spelled with an 'e,'" turned his face to the wall, and, a few weeks later, expired. We not only learn from this anecdote that such a word as remorse exists, but it is also adapted to impress us with the fact that the word should be spelled correctly. Remorse is not exclusively the punishment of bad men. Good men, who may have made well-meant mistakes, frequently suffer the sharpest pangs of this painful mental exercise. There is probably no better, more kindly, and more unselfish young man living than Mr. Stiles, of Los Angeles, Cal., but at this moment he is a prey to remorse to such an extent that life is a burden to him, and he would gladly flee away to the uttermost parts of the earth had he only money enough to buy a through ticket.

The choir of the Los Angeles church contains two young ladies of remarkable beauty, who, nevertheless, are inseparable friends. Miss Mary sings soprano and Miss Julia contralto, and their voices constitute the chief attraction of the choir. One Sunday in the early part of September they fell into conversation at the close of the service upon some theme of unusual interest. After conversing earnestly while adjusting their bonnets, the theme was still unexhausted, and Miss Mary said, "Sit right down, Julia, dear, and tell me every thing he said." Accordingly the two friends sat down, and became so much interested that they forgot that the sexton was in the habit of locking up the church immediately after service and taking the key with him to his residence, three miles away. When they finally rose up to go, and descended to the door, they found it fastened, and were brought face to face with the alarming possibility that they might be compelled to spend the rest of the day and the night in confinement.

The lower windows were about twelve feet from the ground, and the young ladies did not dare to jump out. They theretore stationed themselves at the window to wait for possible help, and in the course of half an hour were rewarded by the accidental appearance of Mr. Stiles. That good young man was greatly astonished at beholding the fair prisoners, and immediately began to devise means for releasing them. To procure the key was out of the question, for he himself had just seen the sexton ride away with the intention of attending a dog fight at a camp fifteen miles from Los Angeles. He proposed to the young ladies that they should jump, relying upon his promise to catch them, but they declined, asserting that they would rather die. He then suggested that they should let themselves down by their hands from the window ledges, so that their feet would just touch his shoulders, when he could easily help them to the ground. They refused even to consider this proposition, and told him that if he could do nothing better than to stand there and insult them he might go and leave them to their fate. Stimulated by this reproach, he suddenly hit upon a happy thought. Running to a neighboring pile of lumber, he procured a long, wide, unplaned board, one end of which he placed on the ground while the other end reached to the window-sill. Down this board, which was inclined at an angle of forty-five degrees, he urged the prisoners to slide, assuring them that they could not fail to reach the ground in safety. It was finally agreed, after many whispered consultations between the two young ladies, that they would accept Mr. Stiles's advice, on condition, however, that he should stand with his back to the window and devote all his energies to the study of the clouds. Prolonged preparations were then made, with the double object of preserving silk skirts from contact with the board and shoe-buttons from exposure to the direct rays of the sun. These preparations were at last completed, and Miss Mary, seating herself on the inclined plane, shot swiftly to the ground, with a short, sharp shriek that filled Mr. Stiles with alarm. Miss Julia followed with equal celerity and a still sharper shriek, and Mr. Stiles turned around to congratulate the girls on their escape and to receive their gratitude.

Why those two usually polite and amiable girls told him to "go away, you horrid man," and simultaneously burst into tears, Mr. Stiles could not imagine. Had he not done all that he could for them? and had they not through his means safely reached the ground? He could not understand such ingratitude; but when he picked up the board and started to carry it to the lumber-pile he dropped it with a remark verging upon irreverence, while a flood of light burst upon his mental vision. As he silently drew out his jackknife and began to disinter the splinters of which his hands were full, he felt that he was little less than a monster in human form. With the best intentions, he had conducted himself in such a way as to earn the just indignation of two beautiful and estimable girls. The worst feature of the case was his inability to make any satisfactory apology. He did for a moment think of presenting each of the girls with an apologetic case of needles, but a little reflection convinced him that it would not do. From that day to this Miss Mary and Miss Julia have refused to recognize him, and the unhappy man, conscious of the impossibility of saying anything to soothe their lacerated feelings, suffers day and night from more remorse than would be sufficient for three full-grown repentant murderers.

Tangle-Footed Protectionism.

[New York Journal of Commerce, Ind.]

Platforms are too often traps and pitfalls for the very parties who set them for others. Letters of acceptance from Presidential candidates are also fraught with danger to the writers. The best platforms are always the shortest, and the same is true of candidates' utterances after nomination. It would only be pushing this principle one step further to say that no platform and no letter of acceptance would be better than the best of their kind.

If General Garfield had broken the immemorial custom and written no letter such as we published yesterday, he would have avoided at least one mistake. He would not have committed himself over again to protectionism, which is intensely and universally hated at the West and South and by a majority of people at the North and East, where are its only strongholds. He would not have involved himself in the fallacies and absurdities in which all men who attempt to defend protective tariffs flounder and are lost as in quicksands and quagmires. General Garfield approaches the awkward subject with evident fear and trembling. He feels misgivings that he will leave a bad opening for criticism in whatever he says—and he has surely done so. He wants his party friends in Pennsylvania and in Massachusetts and other highly protected communities to understand that he is a protectionist. But he does not dare to say so frankly. If he plainly said, "I am a protective-tariff man," he would incite discontent in the Republican ranks, now hardly kept together in the great farming West. Therefore he resorts to ambiguous language. In one line where he declares that "a policy should be pursued which will bring revenues to the Treasury," he might seem to be favoring a tariff for revenue only. But later on his protectionism crops out unmistakably. That phrase about enabling "our great industries to compete fairly in our own markets with the labor and capital of foreign producers" is the same sophistry which has done service so many times for a dozen rolling mills, two or three iron shipbuilders, two members of Congress engaged in making paper pulp, and four quinine manufacturers. These are some of the few millionaires for whose benefit (the makers of the quinine alone excepted since the drug is now free of duty) General Garfield would continue to tax the rest of us Americans, numbering somewhere from fifty to sixty millions, as we hope the census will show.

The General a few lines further on tries to propitiate the farmers (whose interest he knows to be opposed to the protected manufacturers) by a sonorous sentence recommending appropriations to improve our great water-courses "in the interest of agriculture, which is the basis of all our material prosperity and in which seven-twelfths of our population are engaged." Ah! General, if you are so very anxious to do the farmers a good turn, don't you see how easily it could be done by relieving them of the grievous burden now borne by them for the enrichment of the iron lords and the few others who run the great protection lobby at Washington and keep up the present tariff? If you really want to provide, as you say, greater "facilities for cheap transportation" by harbor and river improvements, why not urge also the repeal of the monstrous tax on iron and steel rails? This tax has prevented Western farmers from building hundreds of miles of road which they want for moving their crops, and made unprofitable to the stockholders hundreds of other miles of road which have been built. It is very doubtful if the $9,000,000 appropriated for river and harbor work this year will do the farmers the least good. Nearly all the benefits of it will go to the jobbers and contractors, as intended. We tell you, General Garfield, that an inch of genuine tariff reform would be a better recommendation for you among the farmers and consumers of this great country than a mile of river and harbor improvements.

Now what will General Hancock say, if anything, about the tariff?

BUSINESS NEWS ITEMS:—

The continued dry weather in Maine has affected the hay crop severely in some localities, but the crop in the entire State will be above the average and of excellent quality. All other crops promise well.

Messrs. Dun, Barlow & Co.'s report of failures in business for the second quarter of the current calendar year is very favorable. The total number of failures is 1,065; the amount of liabilities is a little over $20,000,000. For the corresponding quarter in 1879 the number of failures was 1,534; the liabilities were $22,666,000. The improvement is still more striking if a comparison is made between the first six months of the two years respectively. For the first half of 1879 the number of failures was 4,058, and the liabilities were nearly $66,000,000. For the first half of this year the number of failures 2,497, and the liabilities are $33,000,000. These figures are significant as to the general caution with which credit has been extended, and as to the average prosperity which has attended most business enterprises. They show a decided tendency to conservative methods, which is even more encouraging than the mere reduction in the number of failures and the amount of losses.

Reports of gross earnings for June are given for 42 railroads, including some of the principal lines in the country, and they almost invariably show a large increase over the figures for the same month last year, and in no case is there a decrease. In a total of $18,164,772 for last month, the amount of increase is $4,915,378, or about 37 per cent. of the earnings of a year before. The list of roads for which reports are given for the half year is somewhat smaller, including those of 34 companies. For these the total last year was $65,908,736, this year $83,326,895, showing an increase of $17,418,159. The pacifying effects of prosperity are to be observed in the absence for the last year of any fierce contention between rival lines. The pooling arrangements by which business is apportioned have been amicably maintained, in consequence of the fact that all sharers have been enjoying a steady increase in traffic and the consequent income. Some have paid dividends for the first time in several years, others have increased their profits largely, and none have been driven to desperate expedients of cutting rates by fear of bankruptcy.

The Daily News.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY.....JULY 16 1880.

To Our City Subscribers.

Mr. T. L. Beacham has been placed in charge of the subscription list and delivery of the papers in Raleigh, and will attend to canvassing and collecting for the same. Every subscriber will have the paper delivered before 7 o'clock each morning.

The Weather To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The indications for the South Atlantic and East Gulf States are as follows: Cloudy weather, occasional rain, winds mostly from southeast to south, stationary or lower temperature and barometer.

Index to New Advertisements.

J. A. Jones—Special notice.
Ruffin Roles—Contractor and Builder.

TOWN AND COUNTY NOTES:—

Mr. F. B. Arendell is recuperating at Beaufort.

One man in Raleigh listed 300 goats for taxation.

A colored man had a fit in front of the market yesterday.

William Woolcott qualified yesterday as guardian of D. B. and E. G. Smith.

The Grand Jury, having found seventy-two true bills, adjourned yesterday at noon.

There will be an adjourned meeting of Rescue Fire Company to-night, at the engine house.

The city clock got hold of a bottle of "Hub Punch" yesterday and struck four at half-past three.

It was so hot at Apex Thursday that, we are reliably informed, the thermometer had to be lengthened.

Mr. W. H. Coles lost an infant child yesterday morning. The funeral services took place yesterday afternoon.

The Hall Brothers, of Hickory, and W. Hearfield & Co., of New York, took out license to drum this State yesterday.

From a gentleman just back from Goldsboro we learn that the crops between Raleigh and Goldsboro are looking splendidly.

Mr. J. A. Jones's horse fell with him yesterday. Mr. Jones was quite badly cut above the left eye and had his left wrist sprained.

A large number of our citizens are going to the pic-nic at Norris's Mill to-morrow. Speaking as well as dancing is in the programme.

The motion to tax the prosecutor with the costs in the case of State vs. Jacob Norwood was argued before Judge Gudger yesterday. The decision was reserved.

The bills are out for the races at the Fair Grounds next Thursday. Reduced rates on the railroads will be given from Goldsboro, Greensboro, Weldon, and intermediate points.

We have tried "Hub Punch." It is a delightful beverage. Any incoherence in a local this morning may be traced thereto, but it is a delightful beverage, very pleasant to taste and just a little stimulating.

A long little weary bond came into the Treasurer's office yesterday to get itself clipped off for a new one. It was taken out and kindly treated and before long a crisp new bond will take its place in the pets of the citizens.

Yesterday was another very hot day but there was a great improvement on its predecessor. The rain which came up at night-fall brought with it a delicious coolness, and all those whose business permitted it rested delightfully.

Our exploits in the new advertisement are to-day are limited to the single announcement of Mr. Ruffin Roles. Mr. Roles is a skillful workman, and a thoroughly reliable man. He knows what he can do, and will do what he promises.

Messrs. W. F. Womble, John W. Lassiter, J. Allen Taylor and James L. Lumsden have been elected delegates to the Wake County Convention of Good Templars, which meets at Mt. Vernon Church on the last Saturday of this month. The alternates are Misses Nannie Armstrong, Florence Correll, Sarah J. Watson and Lizzie Jackson.

The Internal Revenue receipts for to-day present a new and startling combination. The figures are $1,218.42. In these, three couples of figures are seen with the same common divisors. Now in dividing each of the couples by any one of these common divisors the sum of the quotients from the first two will be less than the last quotient by exactly the first quotient. Thus: 6 will go into 12 twice, into 18 three times, and into 42 seven times; 2 and 3 added make 5, which is less than 7, the last quotient, by 2, the first quotient. Three will go into 12 four times, into 18 six times, and into 42 fourteen times; 6 and 7 are 10, which is 4 less than 14. Two will go into 12 six times, into 18 nine times, and into 42 twenty-one times; 9 and 6 are 15, and 15 from 21 leaves 6.

RECKLESS EXPENDITURE.—The State Treasury was badly depleted yesterday. The Auditor drew on it two warrants, one for two and one for three dollars.

FIRST TO PAY.—The Wilmington Mutual Insurance Company was the first to pay the semi-annual tax on gross receipts. Yesterday it gave the Secretary of State $5.10, being one-half of one per cent. on the gross receipts for the six months ending June 30th.

CAMP.—From a gentleman who came down on the train yesterday, from Cameron, we learn that the heaviest rain fell there Wednesday that was ever known. It rained hard for an hour that a man could not be seen across the track, and one man in going a mile on a hand car got so wet that his watch stopped. No damage was done and the creeks were not raised.

GLASS BALL SHOOTING.—We have received from Messrs. Dantzler and Ewart, committee on Invitation, an invitation to the Inter-State Glass Ball Contest at Hendersonville on the 28th inst. The prizes aggregate $400. Excursion rates will be given on the railroads and the hotels offer low rates to visitors. A grand ball will wind up the festivities. A large crowd is expected.

THE COURTS.

SUPREME COURT.—Court opened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock: Present, Chief Justice Smith and Justice Dillard.

The Court resumed the consideration of appeals from the Fifth Judicial District and disposed of only one case, viz:

Samuel Watkins vs. Warren Overby, from Granville; argued by M. V. Lanier, for the plaintiff, and Reade, Busbee & Busbee, J. B. Batchelor and L. C. Edwards for the defendant.

Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning, when the consideration of appeals from the Fifth Judicial District will be resumed.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

The following is a complete list of appeals from the Sixth Judicial District, so far as docketed in the Supreme Court on yesterday. Other appeals will be added, and stand for hearing at the present term, if docketed by 10 o'clock Monday morning next, at which time the call of the District will commence:

251. Davis vs. Watkins et als.
252. Green & Green vs. G. J. Green.
253. Hall vs. Reynolds et als.
254. Nesbit & Bro. vs. Turrentine.
255. Houston vs. Howie et als.
256. C. B. Muse vs. C. A. E. Muse.
257. Simpson et als vs. Mecklenburg County.
258. Simpson et als vs. Wallace et als.
259. Smith & Campbell vs. Stewart et als.
260. Brown vs. C. C. R. Way Co.
261. J. W. Derr vs. E. W. Stubs.
262. Allen vs. Gilkey & Gilkey.
263. Hamilton vs. Mooney.
264. McArthur & Walker vs. Morris.
265. Craig vs. Smyer & Lineberger.
266. Motz vs. Stowe et als.
267. Andrews et als vs. Whisnant.
268. R. A. Brown vs. P. M. Morris.
269. J. Phillips vs. A. G. Lentz.
270. Taylor vs. Taylor et als.
271. State vs. Angelo Reitz.
272. State vs. Daniel Keath.
273. Wilson vs. Lineberger et als.
274. Gamble & Watterson vs. Watterson et als.
275. National Bank vs. Lineberger, Rhyne & Co.
276. N. C. R. R. Co. et al vs. C. C. R. W. Co. et als.
277. Nat. Bank vs. Alexander et als.
278. Nat. Bank vs. Alexander et als.
279. Todd, guard'n, vs. Norment et als.
280. C. C. R. W. Co. et als vs. N. C. R. R. Co. et al.
281. Johnston vs. Cochrane and wife.
282. Brown and wife vs. Cooper.
283. Alexander et als vs. Wolfe & Wolfe.
284. State vs. W. J. Hinson.

SUPERIOR COURT.—The following business was transacted by this tribunal yesterday:

North Carolina Railroad Company vs. G. W. Swepson and R. Y. McAden. Judgment for plaintiff.

J. M. Forest was fined $15 for an affray.

Chaney Shepherd was found guilty of larceny, but judgment was suspended.

Aaron Young vs. Johnson & Barbee. Judgment heretofore rendered set aside.

In the two cases of Raleigh National Bank, one against R. F. Jones & Co., and one against Pride Jones, judgment was given for plaintiff.

John Kenyon and Washington Hawkins were found guilty of an affray.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Willis Drake was drunk and disorderly and made an assault with a deadly weapon for all which he was required to find bail for his appearance at court. To go bail for Willis was regarded by his friends as taking chances, and if its cool in jail he slept well last night.

A man named Rives brought a very fine cow down to Mr. W. R. Crawford's and offered her for sale. He was so anxious to sell, that Mr. Crawford suspected all was not right and reported the case to the Mayor. On being examined by his Honor Rives told so many contradictory tales that he was turned over to the Sheriff for safe keeping until the matter could be investigated.

The cow is marked with a cross on one ear and an undercut half-moon on the other.

REPORT OF WAKE GRAND JURY.:—

To His Honor, Judge J. C. L. Gudger:

SIR:—The Grand Jury having discharged what they consider their duty beg leave to report as follows:

We have examined in a body the county poor and work houses, which we find, in our opinion, in a good condition and well kept. The inmates, we think, are well cared for, well clothed and well fed, and we think everything in perfect order.

On examination of the county court house we find and are of the opinion that the place used for a sleeping department by one Mr. J. G. Brummell should be discontinued, as we consider the same to be a nuisance. We are informed that other parties having no other place of abode use said court house, or some part of it, for lodging places. We recommend that the same be abated, and that other provision be made for said parties, which we think subjects for the poor house. We would recommend further that steps be taken by the proper authorities for the safe keeping of the county records. We find them exposed to fire, which in our opinion is imprudent and unwise. We would respectfully recommend the building of a new court house, for the convenience of the people of the county, and the better protection of the records, which we consider of vital importance to its citizens. We find the jail in as good condition as is possible, considering the present state of the building. We think, however, the building unsafe, and that the officers are endangered when they visit the cells, as the present arrangement does not give them protection from the inmates. We would recommend that steps be taken for the erection of a safer and more convenient building.

With great respect, yours, &c.,

S. C. POOL,
Foreman Grand Jury.

The report was by Judge Gudger referred to the County Commissioners.

THE MOUNTAIN WEATHER.—The weather report at Waynesville for the first seven days in July is before us. It rained every day. The highest point of the thermometer was 80 and the lowest 62, both of which it reached on the 1st.

The Atlantic Railroad.

PROPOSITIONS FOR LEASE.

On Thursday, the 24th of June, at a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, a committee consisting of Messrs. J. L. Morehead, H. F. Grainger, J. A. Bryan, Jno. Hughes, E. R. Stanly, W. B. Duncan, J. C. Wooten, C. R. Thomas and F. M. Simmons was appointed, to whom was referred "the proposition to lease the road made by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company and all other propositions;" the committee were to "consider the proposition and such others as were made or should be made by any persons. The committee met last Wednesday at Morehead City to receive propositions

THE WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD,

through its president, Colonel R. R. Bridgers, submitted a proposition which we learn was in substance as follows:

1. To pay an annual rental of $32,500 in quarterly instalments for a term of 30 years, the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Company to pay all taxes, and after payment of interest and expenses to apply the remainder of lease money to payment of debt. If this cannot be paid before maturity, then to a sinking fund for the debt.

2. The present line of road to be maintained, and rolling stock, machinery and property to be returned at the expiration of the lease, in condition as good as when possession was taken.

3. Rates for carrying cotton shall not be advanced on the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad beyond the tariff of April 1st, 1878. The gauge of the Road, motive power and rolling stock to be changed to that of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad at the expense of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company.

4. If the State of North Carolina shall regain control of the North Carolina Railroad after the termination of its lease to the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, and will arrange to carry into effect what is termed the "North Carolina System," the stockholders in general meeting of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Company shall have power to terminate this lease.

Another proposition was submitted from Messrs. W. P. Clyde, A. S. Buford and A. B. Andrews in the interest of the

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE COMPANY.

As nearly as we could learn the following is a synopsis of their proposition:

1. To maintain and operate the road, to keep the road and all the property of the lessor corporation in good order during the lease, and return it in good order at the expiration of the lease.

2. To pay a rent of $30,000 a year in semi-annual instalments. The lessees to have the right to sublet to the Richmond & Danville, the North Carolina Railroad Company, or to any other corporation, with the assent and approval of the lessor.

3. The lessees shall also pay to the lessor company, besides the $30,000 a year of rent, one-half of the net earnings of the railroad and its property. These payments are to be made annually and are to be ascertained by three intelligent and disinterested referees, one to be appointed by the lessor, one by the lessees, and these to appoint a third.

4. The lessees shall for the first few years be allowed to apply $5,000 of the annual rental in such permanent improvement as the President and Directors of the lessor company shall approve.

5. The duration of the lease shall be 21 years.

OTHER PROPOSITIONS.

We also learn that Mr. Appleton Oaksmith made a proposition in behalf of the Carolina Midland Railway Company, and that Mr. McLean, of Newbern, gave notice of one in the interest of certain Northern capitalists, but we could not learn the details of them.

The committee took all the different propositions under advisement and will report to a meeting of the stockholders, which has been called for the 16th day of September.

INDEFINITE.—"Dear little girl" is so vague a direction to put on a postal card that it is no wonder the giant mind of the postoffice clerk shrinks appalled when it is the only indication given him of where that postal is to go. Now, in the course of a long and well spent life we have known many places to which a postal so addressed might well have gone. It is true that the dearest of all dear little girls lives in Raleigh, and had we written the postal it would have flown to her by instinct. But we did not write the postal that is laid over in the Raleigh postoffice, for it is signed your loving Mama, and we are not—at least, that is to say. Well, we did not write that card, and so some dear little girl who is the proud possessor of a loving Mama is just a postal card short on epistolary ebullitions of affection.

Nor is this all. There is no such postoffice in this State as Mangum's Store, and the letter directed to Mr. Dolph Umstead, at that place, has an absoluteness of affinity almost amounting to identity with the lost Pleiad. Nor do we see how we can help the matter much. If Mr. Umstead will persist in living at Mangum's Store, and if with a diabolical refinement of cruelty the Department continues to refuse to establish an office there, we don't know what to advise.

CENSUS HUMORS.—In the census lists for this county is reported a family named Meal. It consists of father, mother and three children. We desire to suggest that in the final report they be put down as two square meals and three lunches.

In another family there are also three children. The eldest named James, is 14, then comes the next who is 11 years old and is named Donequit. But this name was falsified by the birth of the youngest, Robert, who is only seven years old.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a regular meeting of Manteo Lodge, No. 8, I. O. O. F., held July 13, the following resolutions of respect were adopted:

WHEREAS, In obedience to the will of "Our Heavenly Father," our brother Frank C. Christophers has been called from our midst, on the 11th inst., in the 35th year of his age, and was interred with funeral ceremonies of the Order.

WHEREAS, In view of the loss we have sustained, and of the still heavier loss by those who were nearest and dearest to him, that some record, however brief, should be made of his many virtues, and that a true character may not pass away unrecognized; therefore, be it

Resolved, That while we bow with humble submission to the will of the "Most High," we do not the less mourn for our brother who has been taken from us.

2d. That this is but just tribute to his memory to say that the Lodge has lost a faithful member, one who was in every way worthy of our respect and esteem, an obedient son, a devoted brother, a true friend, an industrious merchant, a citizen whose upright walk and daily life was worthy of emulation to his fellows, possessing those noble qualities of head and heart which endeared him to all who knew him.

3d. That the heartfelt sympathies of this Lodge be extended to the family in their affliction; that we share with them in the comforting words of Holy Writ: "Thy brother shall rise again." "I shall be satisfied when I awake with Thy likeness." "Lord, who shall dwell in thy holy hill, he that walketh uprightly and worketh righteousness and speaketh the truth in his heart." "In thy presence is fullness of joy, at thy right hand pleasure for evermore."

4th. As a token of our respect, that this Lodge wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days; that these resolutions be spread on the records of the Lodge, a copy sent the family of our deceased brother, and that the city papers be requested to publish the same.

What North Carolinians are Doing.

GLEANINGS FROM STATE EXCHANGES.

Elizabeth City has 2,300 inhabitants.

The census gives Nash county 17,000 people.

The Washington *Press* says that all the Pamlico section has had good seasons, and brighter crop prospects were never known.

Wilmington's deaths for the first half of this year are reported in the *Star* as 193; whites 48, colored 145; males 94, females 100 (not a good fit); adults 78, children 115.

The Goldsboro *Messenger* foots up Wayne's population as reported by the census folks at 25,178, against 18,144 in 1870, an increase of near 40 per cent. Goldsboro, including suburbs, has 4,000 people.

Less one-half of Williams Township where the census has not been taken, the *Record* foots up the population of Chatham at 21,969; 14,571 white and 7,398 black. In 1870, the population was 19,723. The increase since 1870 has been as great as in the thirty preceding years.

The Wilmington *Star* learns that Bishop Atkinson "has been gradually though steadily improving since his son last wrote, and, while still very sick, he is not now considered in any immediate danger. Every effort is at present being directed towards preventing a relapse, which would likely prove fatal."

Pasquotank's new wheat is of improved quality. Washington's crops have all been helped by late rains. Currituck's crops are looking well, and its Democrats in high spirits. Bertie's crop prospects are very good, and its people delighted with the Democratic nominations. Its population is rather more than 15,000. In 1870 it was 12,950. All of which we gather from the *Economist*.

The stockholders in the Carolina Central Railroad met at Weldon on Wednesday. The *Star* says that the new Directors chosen are Messrs. F. O. French, A. V. Stout, A. B. Graves, R. A. Lancaster, T. H. Porter and F. W. Torrey, of New York; J. S. Whedbee, of Baltimore; D. W. Oates, of Charlotte; C. S. McCall, of Bennettsville, S. C.; and George Davis and D. R. Murchison, of Wilmington. These chose the following officers: President—D. R. Murchison; General Manager—Wm. McRae; Superintendent—V. Q. Johnson; Secretary and Treasurer—James Anderson. The *Star* says that "it is the intention of the new company to put the road in first-class order, and make it, what it ought to be, one of the best equipped and most valuable railways in the country. We think we can safely say that under the new management new life will be infused into the Carolina Central, and that within a short time the value of brains, energy and skill in railroading will be made manifest to the friends of this great commercial highway."

STATE POLITICAL ITEMS:—

The Democrats of Martin hold their county Convention on August 21.

Pamlico Democrats meet in county Convention on August 2, and expect to sweep the county in November.

The Battleboro Hancock and Jarvis Club will be permanently organized on the 21st. Nash and Edgecombe furnish the members and Capt. Fred Phillips, D. Battle, B. H. Bunn and H. C. Bourne are invited to address them.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS:—

There were 117 deaths in New York Wednesday, including 71 children under one year, who died mostly from the effects of the heat. Eight persons were prostrated by the heat during the day, five of whom died.

The United States Circuit Court in Atlanta, Ga., was engaged Wednesday with the case of the revenue officers charged with the murder of William Jones, of Campbell county, Georgia. The evidence showed that Jones was killed while desperately running to escape. The case will be concluded to-day.

A colored indignation meeting was held in New York Wednesday night to protest against the hanging of Chastine Cox, the confessed murderer of Mrs. Hull. Resolutions were passed denouncing Gov. Cornell's action in refusing to hear counsel, and a committee was appointed to call on him and ask a week's respite and a hearing of counsel.

The Tennessee State board of health have enacted an ordinance, to go into effect to-day, prohibiting the entry into that State of articles of merchandise shipped as freight from New Orleans liable to transport the germ of yellow fever. Officers of the board will be stationed on the railroads at the State line and wharf-masters at river towns to enforce this order.

One of the best evidences of the solid and permanent character of the "good times" which are now upon us is the great amount of money invested in new buildings and improvements to buildings in all parts of New York. At no time since the panic of 1873 have such large sums been expended in the erection of first-class business blocks and elegant and substantial private dwellings as at present. The returns of the Department of Buildings for the six months of the current year ending June 30 show that over 1,100 new buildings were commenced at a total estimated cost of $14,800,000. The number is slightly less than for the same period of 1879, while the estimate of cost is more than $3,000,000 greater, showing that not only is the demand for first-class stores and residences rapidly increasing, but that people are beginning to build in a more permanent and substantial manner than ever before.

At the Queen's Ball.

[From London Truth, July 1.]

The Duchess of Marlborough was in black satin, with jet and bunches of currants; Mrs. Wheeler wore white satin, trimmed with white roses; Lady Tweeddale brocaded cream satin; the Duchess of Westminster, black satin trimmed with tulle and garlands of white flowers; the Duchess of Manchester, black, with scarlet poppies arranged quite in a new way; Lady Emma Baring wore white silk trimmed with lilac, Indian tissue and Indian gold jewelry; Mrs. Cornwallis West, mauve satin trimmed with tulle and heartsease. A magnificent blonde wore white satin, the front almost covered with pearls. Her hair was wreathed with pearls, and a deep fringe of the same surrounded the top of her bodice. Most of the black dresses were profusely trimmed with jet. A lovely girl wore a satin dress of a creamy tint, trimmed with roses and opals. Many gray dresses glittered with steel beads. Great quantities of lace were worn, and there is certainly nothing more becoming when well arranged. Owing to the Court mourning there was not much scope for invention or splendor in the matter of dress. White, gray, mauve, heliotrope and violet were the only colors worn in addition to black, and the principal relief to these neutral tints was in the form of natural flowers. A suspicion of powder was visible on the hair of more than one lady present. In one case, the black velvet high collar was sprinkled with the gold that had fallen from the hair. It was noticeable that sleeves were much larger at this ball than has been usual during the present and past seasons. Also a neater arrangement of the hair prevailed, a rumor having gained currency that the Princess has viewed with much disfavor the opposite extremes into which society had fallen of late. Many ladies wore pockets made of natural flowers, very ornamental, no doubt, but useful only for the filmy scrap of lace called a handkerchief. Necklaces of real flowers were also worn, and perhaps one of the loveliest figures in the room was that of a tall girl in some Oriental fabric of gray and gold draped loosely around her, and with dark red roses in her hair, around her neck and scattered in bunches on her dress. Her sleeves were made of double rows of roses. The musicians, arrayed in their old-fashioned scarlet uniforms, and stationed in the organ-loft (like the orchestra in "Don Giovanni"), always look very picturesque, but the sight at a state ball is the royal procession to the supper-room soon after midnight. The band plays the National Anthem, and the royal party pass down the room between the company, drawn up in two lines. Then, headed by Sir Francis Seymour, come the Ambassadors. The supper-room, with the magnificent display of gold plate and the numerous servants in scarlet and gold, always looks right regal, and the feeding is invariably excellent, the wines being worthy of special commendation.

The Charm Sack.

[Arkansas Gazette.]

The universal system of education adopted since the war has done much toward dissipating superstition among the colored people, and within the next five years there will probably not remain any vestige of the "hoodo box." The belief in "hoodo," though, is not yet extinguished. The country darkies cling to it with a strange affection; an affection that is half born of fear. Some time ago an old colored woman died a short distance below the city. Several days after the burial the husband of the deceased went to the planter for whom he was working, and told him that some one had been digging into the grave of his wife. The planter went to the grave and found that it had been disturbed. Instituting an investigation, he found that the body still remained in the grave, but that three fingers had been cut from the right hand. The planter was very much incensed at the thought of such desecration, and though he had been raised among colored people, was at a loss concerning the cause of the insult to the body of the old woman. He offered a reward for the desecrators, but without success. Some time after the occurrence an old colored man approached the planter and remarked:

"Mars Jim, yer got pretty hot ober de fack dat somebody cut de fingers offen ole Aunt Liza, dinn't yer?"

"Yes," replied the planter, "and I would like very much to know who did it."

"If I tells yer, will yer get me inter trouble?"

"No, not if I can avoid it."

"Yer won't hab me fotch up afore a justice ob de peace, will yer?"

"No, I'll let it all go now."

"Well, de fack is, dat seberal ob de boys tuck up de ole 'oman an' cut off her fingers fur luck."

"For what?"

"Fur luck. Yer know dat ef yer takes de finger of a dead pusson an' ties hit in a rag, along wid bird claws, toe nails an' pieces of folks' hair, yer kin hab all de luck yer want. All yer got ter do is ter toat hit in yer pocket. When yer plays cards an' yer luck gits bad, jest tech de sack an' de luck will change. In de same way yer kin marry any woman yer wants, lessen she fin's out dat yer've got de charm. Jes arter de wah I got a charm bag an' neber raised such a crap afore in my life. One night I went fishin' an' didn't hab no luck. I put my han' inter my pocket ter tetch de bag, an' foun' dat hit was gone. De nigger what went wid me stole hit frum me an' he cotch all de fish. Ef anybody takes yer sack an' yer axes him fur it, yer'll always hab bad luck arterwards, but ef yer takes hit frum him widout his knowin' hit, de luck is yourn. I laid roun' dat man's house fur a monf tryin' ter steal de sack, but he finally foun' out what I was arter an' moved frum de State. I would hab followed him, but dat would brake de charm."

The planter listened, half amused and half disgusted. The sincerity of the old man excited his pity, while the absurdity of the theory almost angered him.

"And you believe all this?"

"Oh, hits a fack."

"Do your children go to school?"

"Yes, sah. One kin read an' write. My olest chile kin write wid one ob dese heah markin' breshes."

"Does he believe in the sack?"

"He's sorter shaky on hit, like all boys what thinks da knows mor'n de ole folks. Hit may not be true wid de white folks, but hits true wid de niggers. Ef I had de sack now I could be 'lected Jestice ob de Peace. Hit won't do to git a nudder one, fur dat would mak de udder one turn agin ye. De white folks may laugh at de niggers, but I'm gibin' yer facts."

Occasionally colored people are found carrying a rabbit foot or squirrel claws in their pockets. No amount of argument will induce them to throw off the superstitious influence.

WAIFS:—

"How are you coming on with sea-bathing?" asked a gentleman of an invalid. "Splendid! I bathe three times a day." "How do you like it?" "The doctor says I must take a toddy after each bath to restore the circulation—that's how I like it!"

A Dutchman was relating his marvelous escape from drowning when thirteen of his companions were lost by the upsetting of a boat and he alone was saved. "And how did you escape their fate?" asked one of his hearers. "I tid not co in te bote!" was the Dutchman's placid answer.

When the indignant mother calleth her son she gently and in high soprano notes screameth, "Charli-e-e! Charli-e-e!" But Charli-e-e cometh not, nor doth he give the sound a thought, but goeth about the business of his play. But when his sire, enraged at the dilatory motions of his offspring, calleth quickly and sharply, "Charles Frederick!" Charles Frederick hustleth homeward with alacrity, merely stopping by the way to insert the cover of his best spelling book where it will do the most good.

They were very fond of each other, and had been engaged; but they quarrelled, and were too proud to make it up. He called a few days ago at her father's house, to see the old gentleman on business of course. She was at the door. Said he, "Ah, Miss Blank, I believe; is your father in?" "No, sir," she replied, "Pa is not in at present. Did you wish to see him personally?" "Yes," was the bluff response, feeling that she was yielding, "on very particular personal business," and he turned proudly to go away. "I beg your pardon," she called after him, as he struck the lower step, "but who shall I say called?" He never smiled again. This was too cruel.

City Business Items.

Call early on J. A. Jones for a cheap ticket to Asheville, or any place this side, to go on Tuesday, July 20th, and return on Saturday, the 24th, crossing the mountains by daylight, and staying 2½ days in Asheville. $10.00 for the round trip.

"Oh, have ye ne'er heard of 'Hub Punch,' neighbor mine?
If you have not, procure it; it's flavor divine
Delights all who try it; choice liquors and fruits
Compose it; all lovers of good things it suits."—New York *Herald*.

War 'gainst High Prices!—White Vests 75c.; worth $1.00. White and Brown Vests, $1.25; worth $1.50. White Duck Vests and Pants, $1.50 each; worth $2.00 and $3.00. Silk Scarfs, 50c.; worth 75c. Silk Handkerchiefs, 25c., 40c., 50c. and 65c.; worth 40c., 60c., 75c., and 90c. At
R. B. ANDREWS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters.

For Family Groceries, go to M. Grassman's, where you will find every delicacy of the season, kept in a first-class store. He is agent of the celebrated Thomas Berg Wines. Keeps the best Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars. jy13-2w.

Just received, by Express, a small invoice of Lawns and Muslins in the new colors, Heliotrope and Canary, with fancy Persian borders.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Ladies' Umbrellas and Sun Shades in great variety, fancy and plain handles. These are new and of best qualities.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

We are offering, at a great reduction in prices, a choice lot of elegant Persian Brocaded and Embroidered Parasols.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Eureka Spool Silk, 100 yards, at 10c. per spool.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Family Groceries, a large and varied stock. New goods arriving daily. Strictly first-class. Fine wines, liquors and cigars. Bailey's North Carolina Corn and Rye Whiskies; the celebrated Pop-corn Whisky, eight years old. Peyton Graveley's Chewing Tobacco.
ANDREWS & FERRALL.

They are Here!—Another lot of those new patent Over-Draw Checks for Bridles, with metalic holders. We also have a nice assortment of lap dusters, scrims, hoods, nets, ear tips, and always on hand a large stock of wagon, buggy and riding whips. A good variety of harness, saddles, bridles, halters, &c., of our own manufacture. We believe in patronizing home industries, and hope our friends will encourage us by giving us orders.
E. F. WYATT & SONS,
Martin Street.

Received to-day and for sale cheap, 100 dozen Fans, 100 dozen Shirts, 3 cases Prints, 12 cases Boots and Shoes, 7 bales Domestics, 700 dozen Coates' Spool Cotton, at Woollcott's Wholesale and Retail Stores, Hargett and Wilmington streets.

To the Members of the Convention:— While in Raleigh it will be to your interest to stop in the Hardware, Stove and House-furnishing Store of J. C. Brewster, where you will find all the novelties of the season. The celebrated XX Cot, the most comfortable bed for hot weather. Price only $2.50. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Fly Fans, Fly Traps, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, &c. Sole agent for the improved Parker Shot Gun and the celebrated Remington Rifle. A fine line sportsman's goods always on hand. Tin roofing and job work all kinds a specialty.
J. C. BREWSTER,
Holleman Building,
Raleigh, N. C.

Special Notices.

NEURALGINE—This is an Internal Remedy that never fails to cure Neuralgia and Headache. It contains no Quinine, Opium, Morphine, Chloral or Narcotic of any kind. Quick and perfectly safe in its action, it commends itself to the afflicted. Sold by Pescud, Lee & Co. and Wm. Simpson. eod.

NEURALGIBE—This Specific for Neuralgia and Headache is not offered to the public as a KING CURE ALL, but is only good for Neuralgia and Headache. For these troubles it is unfailing. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED if taken according to directions. Sold by Pescud, Lee & Co. and Wm. Simpson. eod.

Opinion of Eminent Dr. W. C. Cavenaugh, Memphis, Tenn.: For weak digestion, general debility and want of appetite, I cheerfully recommend Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator. Sold by Williams & Haywood.

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SASH, DOORS and BLINDS

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BLINDS,
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I make to order, on short notice, all kinds and sizes of WINDOW and DOOR FRAMES. All kinds of Turning and Scroll Sawing done to order.
Give me a trial before buying.
july 16-d&wtdec28

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A Complex Conundrum Colloquially Considered.

By WALDORF H. PHILLIPS.

"Do you take this woman to be your wife—*until you are divorced?*
"Do you take this man to be your husband—*until you change your mind?*
"Then, they whom I unite, let some Court put asunder."
The work is full of humor and keen satire. Price, in paper binding, 50c.; in cloth, 75c. Can be had of Booksellers and Newsdealers, or will be sent, postage prepaid, upon receipt of the price, by the Publishers,

E. J. HALE & SON,
17 Murray Street, New York.

RAILROADS.

CONDENSED TIME.

North Carolina Railroad.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, Dec. 25, 1879.	No. 47, Daily.	No. 45. Daily,	No. 6, Daily, ex. Sun.
Leave Charlotte.....	3 50 a m	4 10 p m	.....
Leave Salisbury.....	6 03 a m	5 54 p m	.....
Leave High Point...	7 31 a m	7 07 p m	.....
Arrive Greensboro..	8 10 a m	7 37 p m	.....
Leave Greensboro..	8 20 a m	.....	5 00 p m
Arrive Hillsboro...	10 23 a m	.....	10 22 p m
Arrive Durham.....	11 02 a m	.....	11 57 a m
Arrive Raleigh.....	12 20 p m	.....	3 00 a m
Leave Raleigh.....	3 30 "	6 00 a m	.....
Arrive Goldsboro ...	6 00 "	10 00 a m	.....

No. 47—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R. for all points in Western North Carolina daily except Sundays. At Greensboro with the R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West. At Goldsboro with W. & W. R. R. for Wilmington.

No. 45—Connects at Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Date, Dec. 25, 1879.	No. 48, Daily.	No. 42. Daily.	No. 5, Daily ex. Sun.
Leave Goldsboro.....	10 10 a m	6 34 p m	.....
Arrive Raleigh.....	12 25 p m	10 45 p m	.....
Leave Raleigh.....	3 40 p m	.....	7 00 a m
Arrive Durham.....	4 52 p m	.....	9 19 a m
Arrive Hillsboro.....	5 30 p m	.....	11 07 a m
Arrive Greensboro..	7 50 p m	.....	3 45 p m
Leave Greensboro...	8 20 p m	6 56 a m	.....
Arrive High Point..	8 55 p m	7 30 a m	.....
Arrive Salisbury.....	10 16 p m	9 15 a m	.....
Arrive Charlotte.....	12 27 a m	11 17 a m	.....

No. 48—Connects at Greensboro with Salem Branch at Air-Line Junction with A & C. A. L. Railroad for all points South and Southwest; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and Southeast.

No. 42—Connects at Air-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. for all points South and Southwest; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and Southeast.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro daily ex. Sunday... 8 50 p m
Arrive Kernersville daily ex. Sun.....10 00 p m
Arrive Salem daily except Sunday.....10 50 p m
Leave Salem daily except Sunday..... 5 00 p m
Arrive Kernersville daily ex. Sun..... 5 40 p m
Arrive Greensboro daily ex. Sun..... 7 00 p m

Connecting at Greensboro with trains on R & D. and N. C. Railroads.

SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE Run both ways with trains Nos. 48 and 47, between New York and Atlanta via Richmond, Greensboro and Charlotte, and between Greensboro and Augusta; and on trains Nos. 42 and 45 between Boston and Savannah.

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feb 3 17-tf 1-7-80-100 Richmond, Va.

Petersburg Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Schedule of Trains, to take effect June 14

GOING SOUTH.

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Petersburg daily at. .... 1:07 p m
Arrive at Weldon at... .... 3:20 p m

FREIGHT TRAINS, WITH PASSENGER COACH ATTACHED.

Leave Petersburg daily (except Sunday) at..... 7:45 p m
Arrive at Weldon at.....12:20 a m

GOING NORTH.

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Weldon daily at..... 1:10 p m
Arrive at Petersburg at..... 3:30 p m

FREIGHT WITH PASSENGER COACH ATTACHED.

Leave Weldon daily (except Monday) at..... 4:20 a m
Arrive at Petersburg at..... 9:00 a m

First-class coaches will run through between Wilmington and Washington, and sleeping cars on night and day trains. Sleeping car berths can be had for one dollar from Richmond to Baltimore. No change of cars.

Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points and baggage checked through.
W. J. BROWN,
Dispatcher of Trains.

R. M. SULLY,
je25-tf. General Superintendent.

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY........................ ....JULY 16, 1880.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

By Telegraph.

MARKET REPORT--NOON.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Money strong, at 2a3. Exchange—long, 4.83; short, 4.85. State bonds dull; Governments steady.

Cotton quiet; sales 785 bales; uplands 11⅞; Orleans 12. Futures steady; July 11.65; August 11.64; September 11.13; October 10.67; November 10.53; December 10.55.

Flour quiet and firm. Wheat fairly active. Corn fairly active. Pork firm and quiet, at $13.20. Lard firm at $7.10. Spirits turpentine 27½. Rosin $1.40. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat—Southern firm and a shade better; Western higher and firm; Southern red $1.05a1.11; amber $1.13a1.14; No. 1 Maryland 19; No. 2 Western winter red—spot and July delivery $1.11⅝a1.12; August $1.08⅜a1.08⅝; September $1.08⅞. Corn—Southern easier and dull; Western higher, dull and neglected; Southern white 56; yellow 55.

LIVERPOOL, July 15—Noon.—Cotton easier; uplands 6⅝; Orleans 7; receipts 7,200 bales—American 6,900; sales 8,000 bales; for speculation and export 1,000; uplands, low middling clause, July delivery 6 13-16; July and August 6⅞; August and September 6 11-16; September and October 6 17-32; October and November 6 9-32; futures dull. Pork 61s. 6d.; long clear middles 37.

MARKET REPORT--MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Money 2a3. Exchange 4.83½. Government bonds quiet; five per cents. 1.03¼; four-and-a-half per cents. 1.10⅛; four per cents 1.08½. State bonds neglected.

Cotton quiet; sales 911 bales; uplands 11⅞; Orleans 12; consolidated net receipts 783 bales; exports to Great Britain 6,882 bales; continent 1,660; net receipts none. Futures closed steady, with sales of 41,000 bales at the following quotations: July 11.64a11.65; August 11.61; September 11.12a11.13; October 10.68 a10.69; November 10.55a10.60; December 10.56 a10 57; January 10.62a10.64; February 10.73a 10.76.

Southern flour quite firm; common to fair extra $5.25a6.20; good to choice ditto $6.25 a7.00. Wheat ¼a½c. better, with very moderate export and fair speculative business; ungraded red $1.00a1.17½. Corn about ½c. better, with more speculative inquiry; ungraded 44½a49½. Oats heavy, ½a1c. lower; No 3 33. Hops quiet and nominal. Coffee firm and in fair demand. Sugar dull and unchanged; refined quiet and weak; standard A 9⅞. Molasses unchanged and quiet. Rice in fair demand and steady. Rosin quiet at $1.47½. Spirits turpentine firm 27½a28. Wool quiet and about steady; domestic fleece 40a53; pulled 22a50; unwashed 15a34; Texas 18a35. Pork opened heavy and closed with strong and more active business; futures dull at $13.25a14.00—the latter for choice; middles steady and quiet; long clear 7½; short 7½; long and short 7⅞. Lard opened lower and closed firm and fairly active at $7.10¼a7.12½. Whisky nominal. Freights firmer.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Oats dull; Southern nominal; Western white 37a38; mixed 36. Provisions firm and unchanged. Coffee quiet; Rio (cargoes), ordinary to prime, 13a16. Sugar easier and unchanged. Whisky dull at $1.12. Freights unchanged.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Flour dull and drooping except old family, which is $5.15a5.30. Wheat generally unchanged, with some sales rather higher; No. 2 amber 94a95; No. 2 red winter 96a98. Corn quiet and firm; No. 2 mixed 40. Oats scarce and firm. Pork dull at $13.00. Lard quiet at 6⅞. Bulk meats dull and nominal; shoulders $4.62½; rib $6.90a7.00. Bacon dull; shoulders 5⅝; rib 7⅞; sides 8. Whisky quiet at $1.06. Sugar quiet; hards 10½a11⅛; New Orleans 8a9. Hogs dull.

LOUISVILLE, July 15.—Flour dull; extra $3.25a3.75; choice to fancy $6.00a6.25. Wheat quiet at 90. Corn active and a shade lower; No. 2 white 42½; No. 3 ditto. Oats steady; No. 2 white 30a31. Pork dull at $13.12½. Lard in active demand at 7¼. Bulk meats dull and drooping; shoulders $4.75; rib $7.00; sides $7.40. Bacon dull and tending downward; shoulders $5.25; rib $7.85; sides $8 40; sugar-cured hams stronger at 10½a11½. Whisky steady at $1.06.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 15.—Spirits turpentine steady at 26. Rosin steady at $1.05 for strained and $1.10 for good strained. Tar firm at $1.75. Crude turpentine steady at $1.70 for yellow dip and $2.50 for virgin. Corn unchanged.

JULY 15.—Cotton—Middling, low middling, good ordinary.—Galveston, quiet, 11⅛, 10½, 9⅝, net receipts 10 bales; Norfolk, quiet and steady, 11⅝, net receipts 199 bales; Baltimore, dull, 11⅝, 11½, 10¼, net receipts none; Boston, steady, 12, 11⅝, 10⅛, net receipts 65 bales; Wilmington, quiet, 11, 10⅝, 9¼, net receipts 16 bales; Philadelphia, quiet, 12⅛, 10⅞, 10½, net receipts none; Savannah, steady, 11¼, 10½, 9½, net receipts 199 bales; New Orleans, quiet and easy, 11⅝, 11, 10, net receipts 38 bales; Mobile, dull, 11⅛, 10½, 9⅝, net receipts none; Memphis, steady, 11⅛, net receipts 33; Augusta, quiet, 11, 10½, 9¼, net receipts 31; Charleston, quiet, 11½, 11¼, 10⅜, net receipts 256 bales.

Raleigh Markets.

Official Report of the Cotton Market.

REPORTED BY

THE COTTON EXCHANGE.

RALEIGH, July 15, 1880

Middling	11
Strict Low Middling	10⅞
Low Middling	10⅝a10½
Strict Good Ordinary	
Good Ordinary	
Middling Stains	9¼
Low Middling Stains	8

Tone of market quiet.

City Market—Wholesale Prices.

REPORTED BY

LEN. H. ADAMS,

Official Reporters for Grocers' Exchange.

RALEIGH, July 15, 1880.

Apples, dried	$ 8 a	
Bacon, N. C., hog round	9 a	10
" " hams	15 a	
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides,	7⅝a	8
" " shoulders,	6 a	
Butter, North Carolina,	20 a	30
Beeswax	18 a	20
Corn	67½a	70
Corn Meal	67½a	
Coffee, prime Rio	16 a	17
" good "	14 a	15
Chickens, Spring	20 a	25
Eggs, per dozen	15 a	17½
Flour, North Carolina	6 75 a 7	
Molassses, Cuba	35 a	45
Oats, shelled	55 a	
Peaches, peeled	12½ ℔ lb.	
" unpeeled	7 "	8
Peas, white, per bushel	1 25 a	
" stock, "	10 0 a	
Pork, North Carolina	6 a	7
Rags, mixed	1½a	
" cotton	2	
Sugar, white	10 a	11
" yellow	9 a	10
Syrup, S. H.	25 a	28
Salt, Liverpool fine	1 70 a	
Sweet potatoes	75 a 80	
Timothy hay	1 30 a	
Irish potatoes	1 20 a	

Above are for large quantities. When small quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

[From the Charlotte Observer, July 15.]

The market yesterday closed quiet; unchanged.

Good Middling	11
Middling	10⅞
Strict Low Middling	10⅝
Low Middling	10⅝

Receipts for the day, 3 bales.

Wilmington Market.

[From the Star, July 15.]

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market opened firm at 26½ cents per gallon bid and 27 cents asked for regular packages. Sales reported later of 93 casks at 26½ cents.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1.02½ for strained and $1.07½ for good strained, with sales as offered. Also a rumored sale of 1,000 bbls. good strained at higher figures.

TAR.—Market quoted firm at $1.75 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales of receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at $1.70 for yellow dip and $2.50 per bbl. for virgin, with sales at quotations.

COTTON.—The market was quiet and steady at previous prices. The following were the official quotations:—

Ordinary	— cents per lb.		
Good Ordinary	9⅜	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary	—	"	"
Low Middling	10 7-16	"	"
Middling	11	"	"
Good Middling	11⅜	"	"

PEANUTS.—The market is dull and nominal at 35@50 cents for shelling stock, 60 cents for ordinary, 70 cents for prime, 80 cents for extra prime, and 90 cents for fancy.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	—	bales.
Spirits turpentine	87	casks.
Rosin	315	bbls.
Tar	—	"
Crude turpentine	136	"

BUSINESS CARDS.

LANE, NOBLE & CO.,
FIRST CLASS
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WOOD AND METALIC
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WOOD AND COAL.—J. D. WHITAKER's order boxes to be found in the following popular business houses:
ANDREWS & FERRALL, Grocers, on Fayetteville street.
M. GRAUSMAN, Grocer, on Fayetteville street.
PRITCHARD & BROOKS, Hillsboro and Salisbury streets, and also one in COTTON EXCHANGE ROOM.
Wood, oak, sawed to order, - - - - $3.50
Wood, pine, sawed to order, - - - 3 00
Reduction on car load lots. June 8-1y.

PATAPSCO INSTITUTE.—Mrs. Sarah N. Randolph, of Edge Hill, Virginia, Principal. This well-known School for Young Ladies and Children, will open September 15th. It offers unusual facilities for a finished education. For circulars, address the Principal, Patapsco Institute, Ellicott City, Md. je19-1m.

FOR SALE.

1500 OLD PAPERS In Lots of 100 and Upwards.
Apply to
EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & CO.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

THAT VERY DESIRABLE, HANDsome and commodious residence of J. W. Watson, situated on Newbern Avenue, one of the principal thoroughfares of the City. All necessary outhouses, stables, &c. Gas all through the house. The best water in the city. Also several other residences, all within three squares of the Capitol. For particulars call on
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A. W. FRAPS,
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—AGENT FOR—
TOM COOPER'S
LAUREL VALLEY
CENTENNIAL OLD RYE
—AND—
Whea Whisky.

A large lot always on hand, from two to four years old, universally acknowledged to be the

Finest Whisky made in the South

Persons wishing STRICTLY PURE SPIRITS, for medical or other purposes, can get any size package, from 3 to 50 gallons, by addressing
T. N. COOPER.
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je22-tsel. Iredell county, N. C.

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MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,
brewed purely of malt and hops, by the Vienna method and expressly for exportation.
JACOB SEEGER,
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jan 31 '81

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1 Campbell Book Press in splendid order.
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1 Gordon Jobber, ¼ medium, good order.
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7 Double Stands.
4 Cabinets Job Type.
50 Fonts Job Type, in Cases.
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Will be sold separately or altogether. Terms reasonable.
Address,
EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & CO.,
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MAY 26, 1880.

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The test of class-use has everywhere confirmed the favorable opinions that were expressed on their first appearance.
A sample set of the five books will be forwarded, post-paid, to teachers and school officers for examination, with a view to introduction, at the following rates:
First Reader, - - - - - 10 cents.
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Fourth Reader, - - - - 25 "
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jy13-d2w-w4w. Principal.

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The 77th term of this School begins Thursday, September 9th, 1880.
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HOTELS.

The New Morehead City Hotel,
MOREHEAD, N. C.

This new and splendid Seaside Resort will be thrown open for the accommodation of the public by the 21st June.
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We exaggerate nothing in saying that this is the most delightful Summer Resort on the Atlantic Coast. It is safely located near the water and commands a magnificent ocean view and a fine refreshing sea breeze.
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The building is so constructed as to render it peculiarly comfortable and attractive to persons seeking health and pleasure.
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BATHING AND SAILING.—Splendid bathing arrangements within a short distance from the hotel, and fine facilities for open bathing. The surf is only about a mile distant. Fast sailing boats can be had at all times for surf-bathing, fishing and sailing, with experienced boatmen in charge of them.
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Loss of Appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.
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RAILROADS.

RALEIGH & AUGUSTA AIR-LINE R. R.

CHANGE OF OF SCHEDULE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., May 29, 1880.

On and after Saturday, May 29, 1880, trains on the R. & A. A. L. R. R. will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

No. 1.—Leave.	P. M.	No. 2—Leave.	A. M.
Raleigh,	8:00	Hamlet,	2:30
Cary,	8:31	Hoffman,	3:14
Apex,	8:52	Keyser,	3:37
New Hill,	9:12	Blue's,	3:5
Merry Oaks,	9:32	Manly,	4:13
Moncure,	9:51	Winder,	4:37
Osgood,	10:11	Cameron,	4:56
Sanford,	10:36	Sanford,	5:41
Cameron,	11.17	Osgood,	6:02
Winder,	11:37	Moncure,	6:25
Manly,	11:58	Merry Oaks,	6:42
Blue's, A. M.	12:18	New Hill,	7:00
Keyser,	12:36	Apex,	7:23
Hoffman,	1:02	Cary,	7:59
Arrive at—		Arrive at—	
Hamlet,	1:45	Raleigh,	8:30

Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., June 14, 1880.

On and after Monday, June 14, 1880, trains on the R. & G. R. R. will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

No. 1—Leave.	A. M.	No. 2—Leave.	P. M.
Raleigh,	8.40	Weldon,	3.20
Mill Brook,	8.55	Midway,	3.35
Neuse,	9.06	Gaston,	3.51
Forestville,	9.22	Summit,	3.58
Wake,	9.26	Littleton,	4.14
Youngsville,	9.37	Brown's,	4.27
Franklinton,	9.56	Macon,	4.40
Kittrells,	10.20	Warrenton,	4.52
Henderson,	10.42	Ridgeway,	5.05
Middleburg,	10.58	Junction,	5.13
Junction,	11 10	Middleburg,	5.24
Ridgeway,	11.19	Henderson,	5.49
Warrenton,	11.33	Kittrells,	6.01
Macon,	11.43	Franklinton,	6.38
Brown's,	11 59	Youngsville,	6.55
Littleton, P. M	12.13	Wake,	7.06
Summit,	12 29	Forestville,	7.10
Gaston,	12 38	Neuse,	7.25
Midway,	12 54	Mill Brook,	7.3
Arrive—		Arrive at—	
Weldon,	1.10	Raleigh,	7.50

JOHN C. WINDER,
Sup't R. & G. and R. & A. A. Railroads

CONDENSED TIME TABLE

Western North Carolina R. R.,

Taking Effect June 28th, 1880.

STATIONS.	West. No. 1. Arrive.	East. No. 2. Arrive.
Salisbury,	10 30 p m	3.52 a m
Statesville,	12 08 a m	1.55 a m
Catawba,	1.02 a m	1.02 a m
Newton,	1.54 a m	12.13 a m
Hickory,	2 38 a m	11.34 p m
Morganton,	3.58 a m	10.14 p m
Glen Alpine,	4 22 a m	9.47 p m
Marion,	5 22 a m	8 47 p m
Old Fort,	6 10 a m	7.59 p m
Henry,	6.23 a m	7.26 p m
Swannanoa,	8.05 a m	6 12 p m
Head of Road,	8.20 a m	6.00 p m

Trains run daily, Saturday nights excepted. Train No. 1 takes breakfast at Henry; No. 2, supper at Henry. Sleeping Car accommodations on both trains, Nos. 1 and 2, between Salisbury and Head of Road.

This schedule enables the travelling public to make their entire trip over the mountains from Morganton to Asheville in day light.

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jy3-tf. General Sup't.

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, }
Wilmington, N. C., May 14, 1880. }

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after May 18, the following schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN.

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	6:00 P M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	1:27 A M
	" at Charlotte at	7:00 A M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	7:25 P M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	12:32 A M
	" at Wilmington at	8:30 A M

No. 1 train is daily except Sunday, but makes no connection to Raleigh on Saturdays.

No. 2 train is daily except Saturdays.

SHELBY DIVISION: MAIL, FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AND EXPRESS.

No. 3.	Leave Charlotte	8:00 A M
	Arrive at Shelby	12:00 P M
No. 4	Leave Shelby	2:00 P M
	Arrive at Charlotte	6:00 P M

LOCAL FREIGHT AND ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Wilmington	6:15 A M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:40 P M
Leaves Charlotte	4:15 A M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:00 P M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:30 A M
Arrives at Charlotte	4:20 P M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:00 A M
Arrives at Wilmington	4:15 P M

These trains leave Wilmington and Charlotte Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; Laurinburg, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Close connections at Charlotte via Statesville to all points in Western North Carolina and to Asheville. Also via Spartanburg to Hendersonville, adjacent points and Asheville.

Passengers for Asheville via either route leaving Wilmington at 6 P M, will arrive destination at 7 P M, next day.

Sleeping-Car accommodations on through Trains to and from Charlotte and Wilmington.

There will also be through Sleepers run to and from Raleigh and Charlotte.

V Q JOHNSON,
my 20-tf General Superintendent.

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FURNITURE.
W. H. Morriss,
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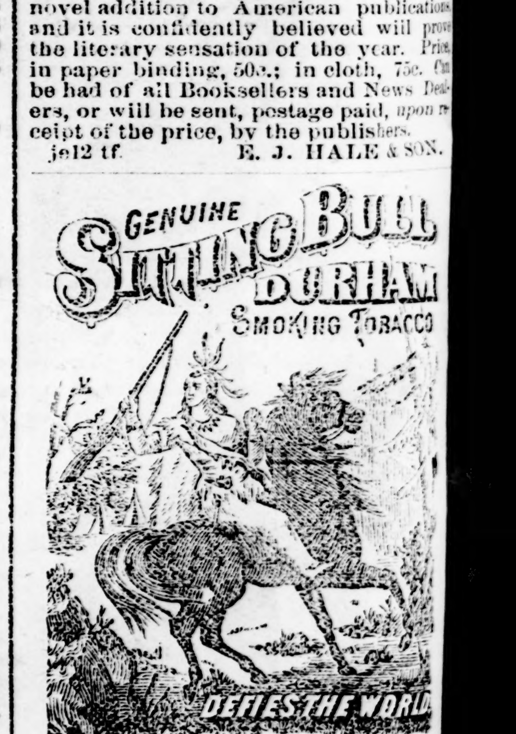
I have in store a nice and select stock of Walnut and Cheap Furniture from the best manufacture's in the East and West, bought in the last four months previous to the late advance in prices, which I will sell for cash at less prices than such goods have ever been sold for in Raleigh before, or any market outside of Raleigh, freight and express added.
Nice first class Walnut Dressing Case Suites at $50, worth $65; Suites at $60 worth $75; Bureau Suites at $40 and $45; three marble fine Walnut French Dressing Suites, French Plate Glass for $110, worth $150. All Suits have ten pieces. Also a nice line of Walnut marble top Tables at $5, $6, $7.50, $8.00, $12.50, $13 00. Walnut Hat Racks $7.50, $8.00 and $10.00. Side Boards at less than they can be bought for at factory. Wardrobes, Extension Tables, Parlour Suites, Rocking Chairs, Lounges, all kinds of Chairs, in fact everything found in a first-class furniture store. All who contemplate buying soon will save money by buying new goods purchased now and paid for. I will keep goods until September 1st, if required to do so. I wish to discontinue the furniture business, is my reason for offering my stock at such prices.
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Tin Safes,
Cribs, Cradles,
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Desks,
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"Do you take this woman to be your wife—*until you are divorced?*
"Do you take this man to be your husband—*until you change your mind?*
"Then, they whom I unite, let some Court put asunder."
The work is full of humor and keen satire; it is decidedly a most original and novel addition to American publications, and it is confidently believed will prove the literary sensation of the year. Price in paper binding, 50c.; in cloth, 75c. Can be had of all Booksellers and News Dealers, or will be sent, postage paid, upon receipt of the price, by the publishers.
je12 tf E. J. HALE & SON.



sep 2 12m

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